

## **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

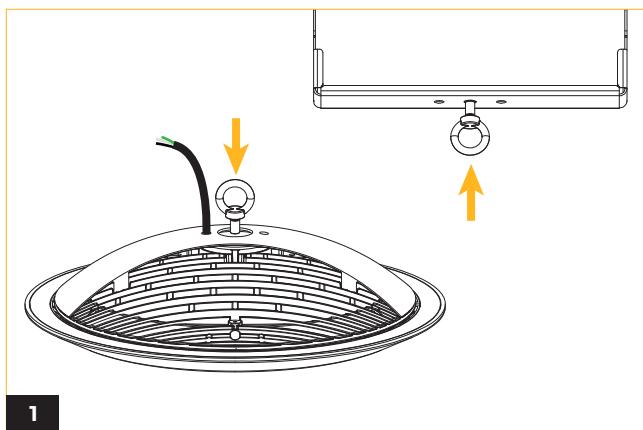
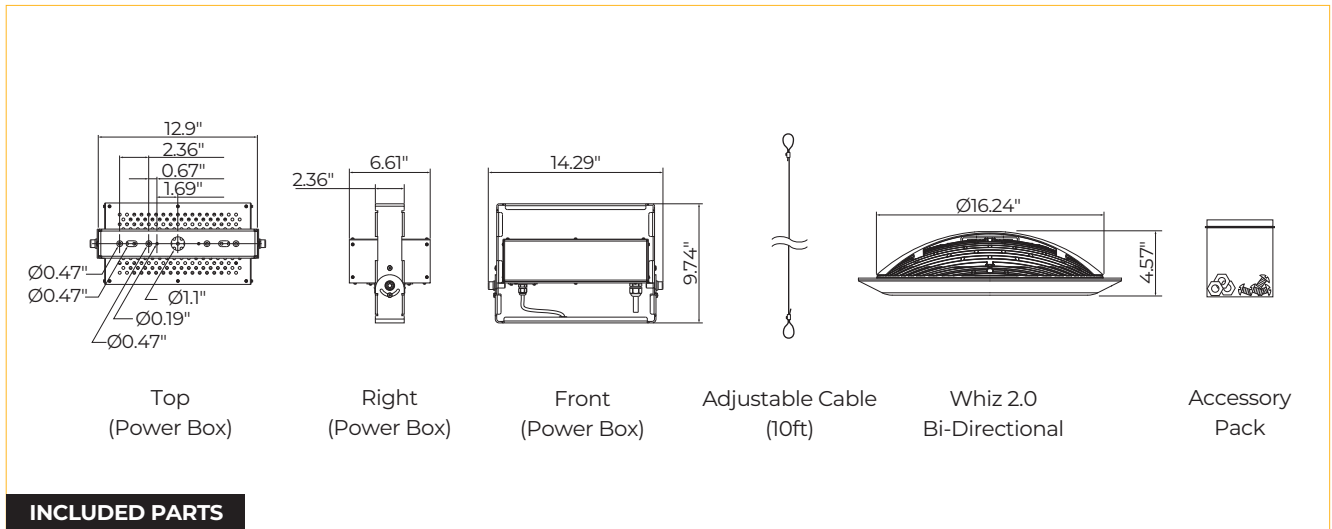
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**FOR FIELD ASSISTANCE PLEASE CALL  
+1-213-255-2060 #4**

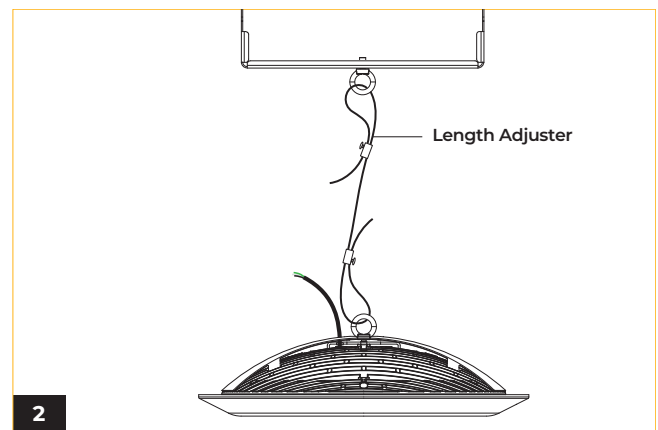
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- Before wiring to power supply and during servicing or relamping, turn off power at fuse or circuit breaker.
- All servicing or relamping must be performed by qualified service personnel.
- Product must be grounded to avoid potential electric shock or other potential hazard.
- Product must be installed at locations and heights, in a manner consistent with its intended use, and in compliance with electrical code and local codes.

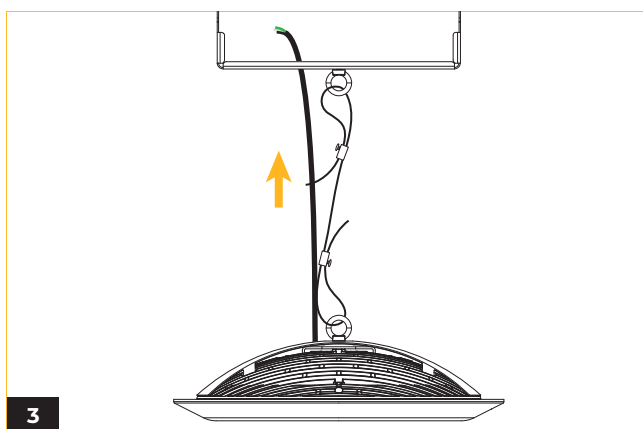
**SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**



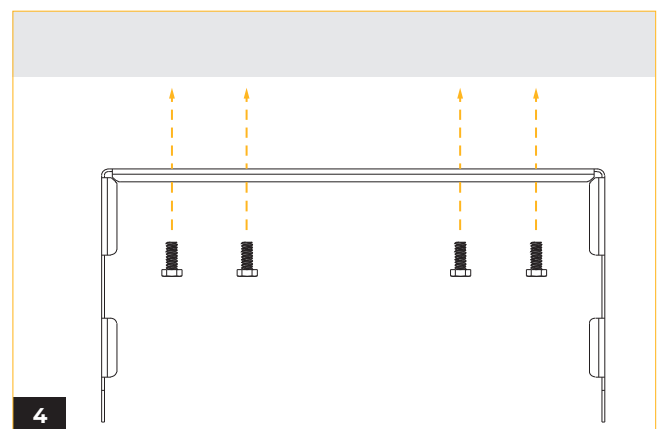
Fasten the 2 hook rings available in the accessory pack to both the fixture and lower bracket.



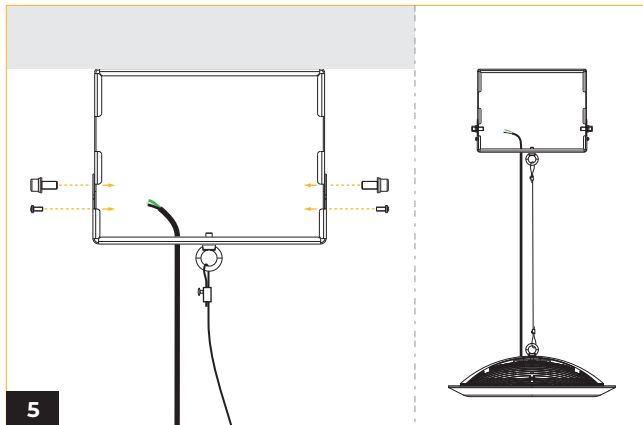
Loop the adjustable cable through the length adjuster looping and fastening at the desired height.



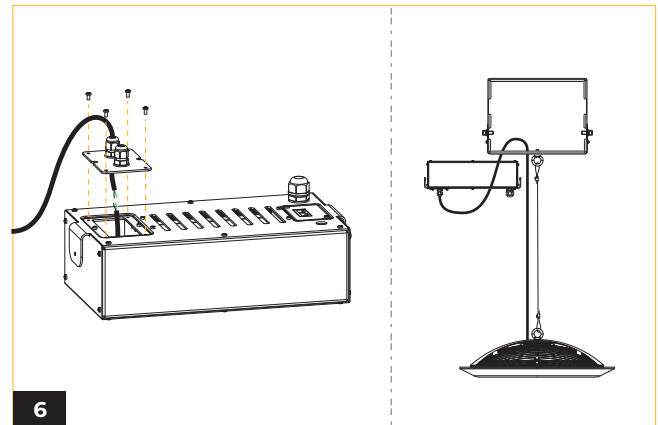
Attach the fixture cables through the lower bracket.



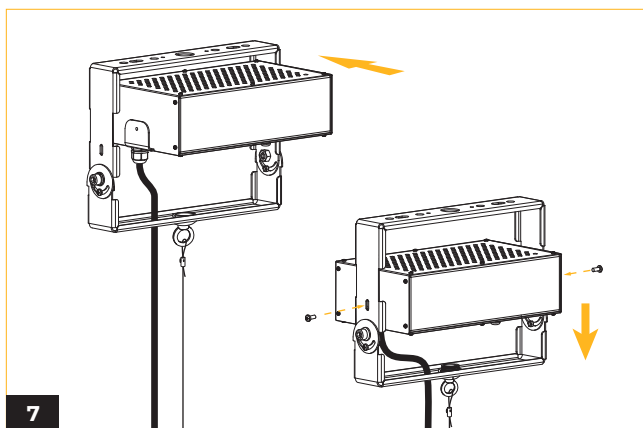
Fasten the top bracket on the desired location on the ceiling.



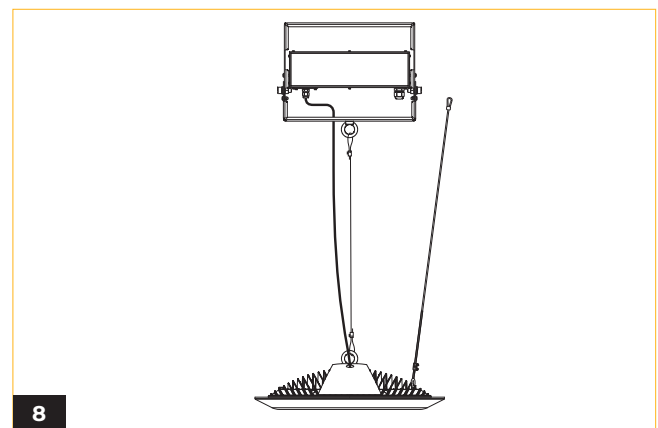
Align both lower and upper brackets and fasten in place.



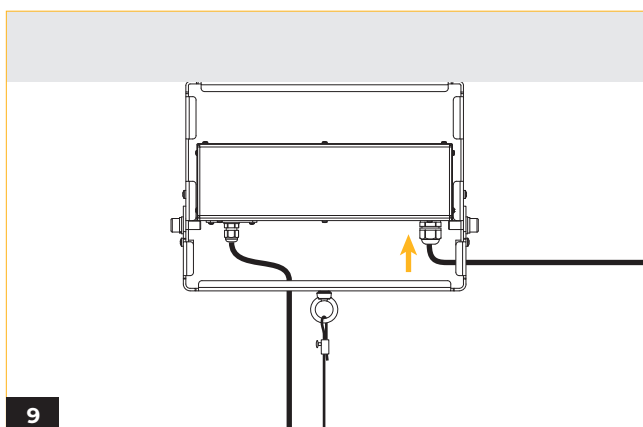
Open the DC Junction box and connect cables. Refer to wiring diagram section.



Slip the power box hook fastener over the lock-in grooves allocated and fasten screws on either side to keep the power box in place.



Hook the safety cable.



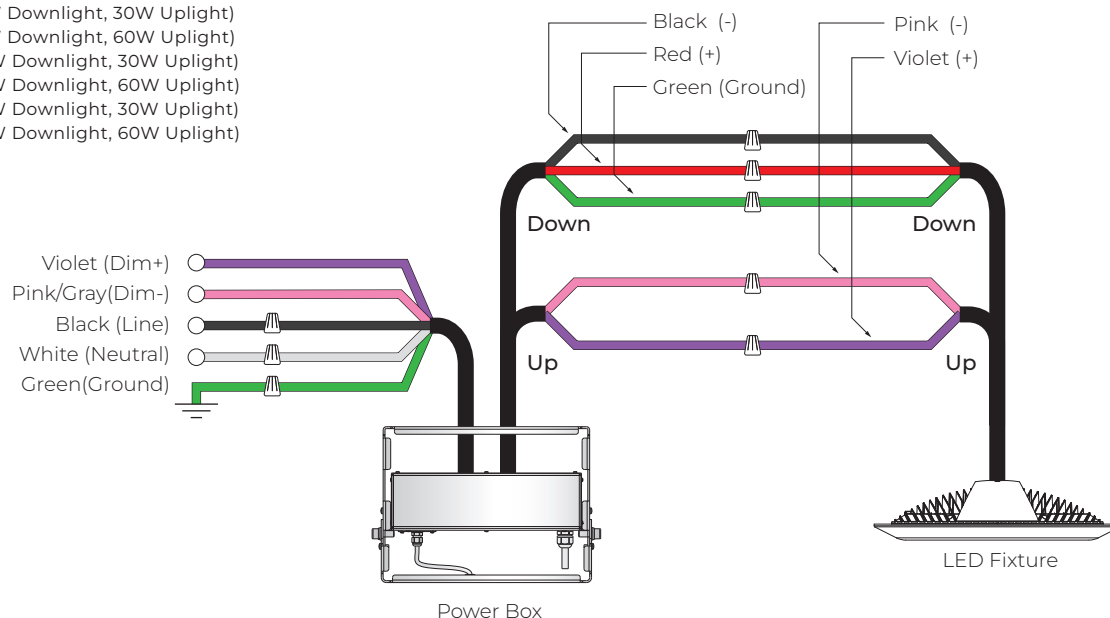
Connect AC Cable to Junction Box.

## WIRING DIAGRAM

### SPV / STV 0-10V

\*Not to scale

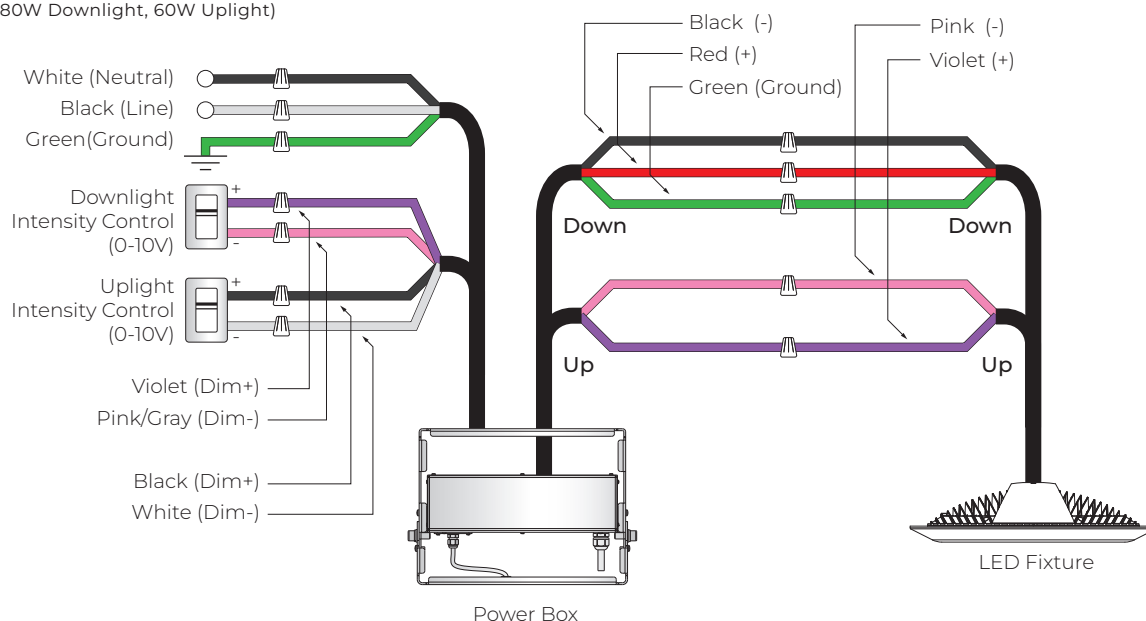
- 150 (120W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 180 (120W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 200 (170W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 230 (170W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 270 (240W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 310 (280W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 340 (280W Downlight, 60W Uplight)



### SPVD / 0-10V

\*Not to scale

- 150 (120W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 180 (120W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 200 (170W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 230 (170W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 270 (240W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)
- 310 (280W Downlight, 30W Uplight)
- 340 (280W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

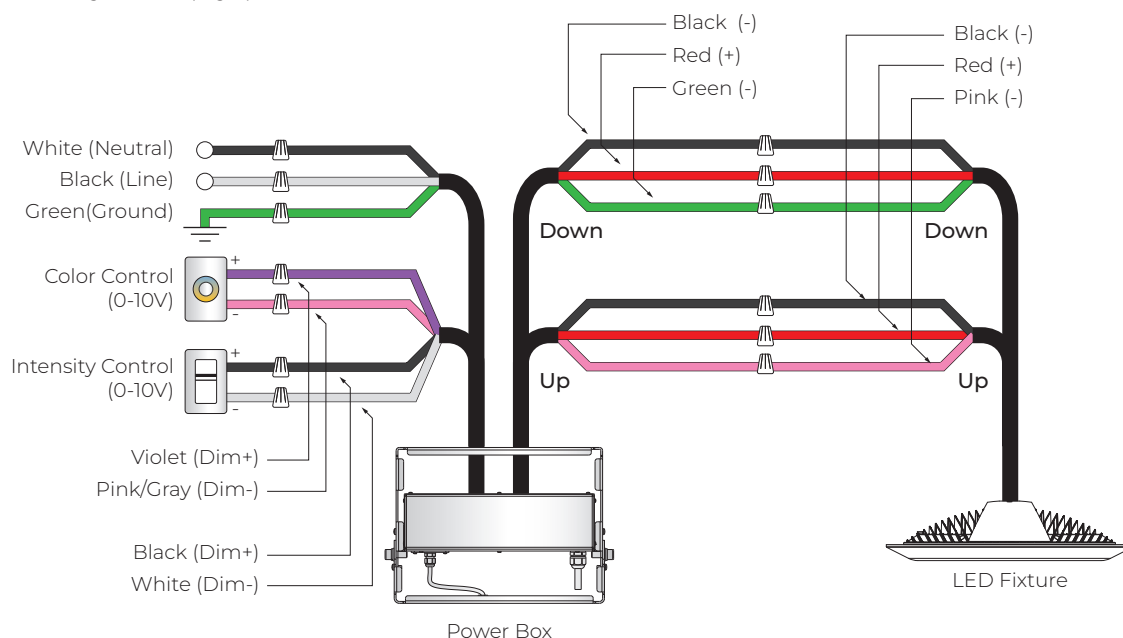


## WIRING DIAGRAM

### SPV 0-10V (Tunable White)

300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

\*Not to scale



### DMX / DMXD

150 (120W Downlight, 30W Uplight)

180 (120W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

200 (170W Downlight, 30W Uplight)

230 (170W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

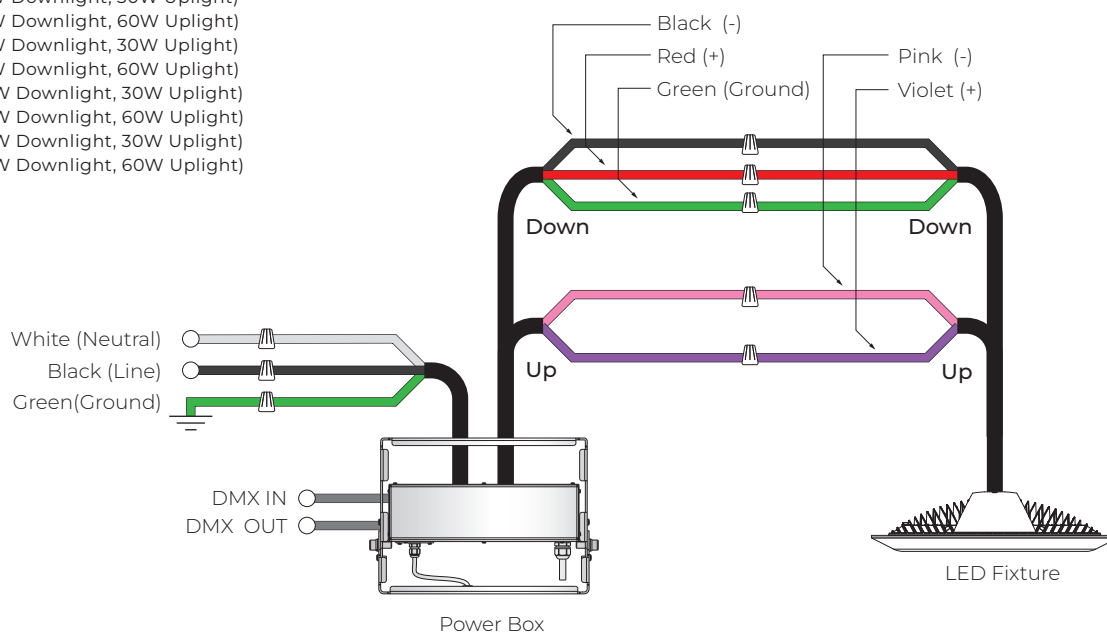
270 (240W Downlight, 30W Uplight)

300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

310 (280W Downlight, 30W Uplight)

340 (280W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

\*Not to scale

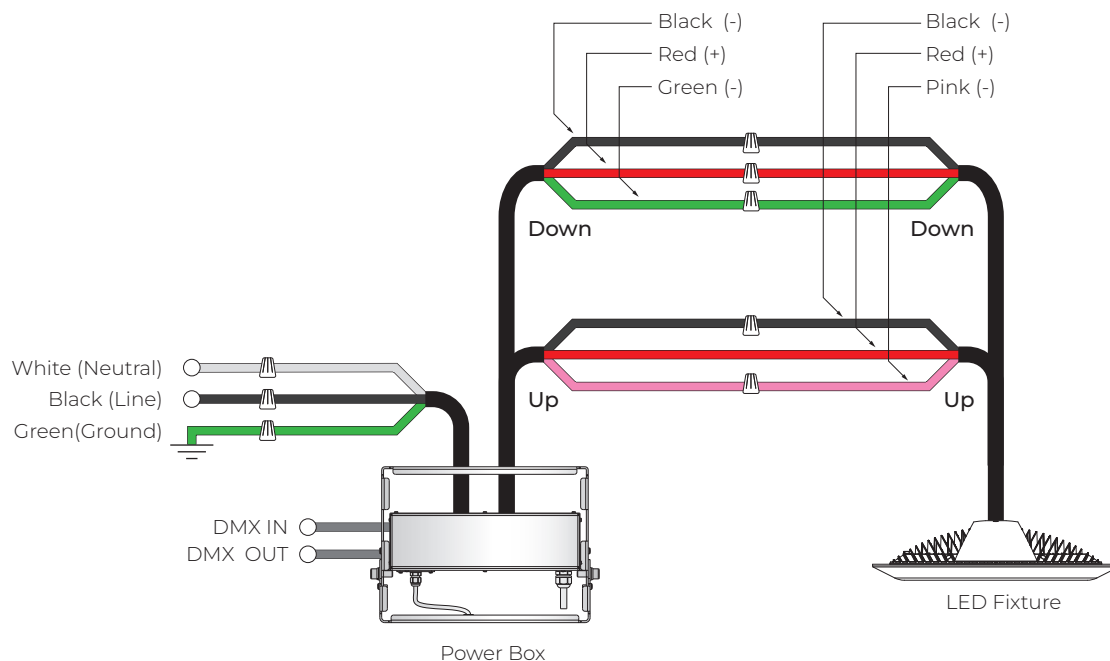


## WIRING DIAGRAM

### DMX (Tunable White)

300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

\*Not to scale



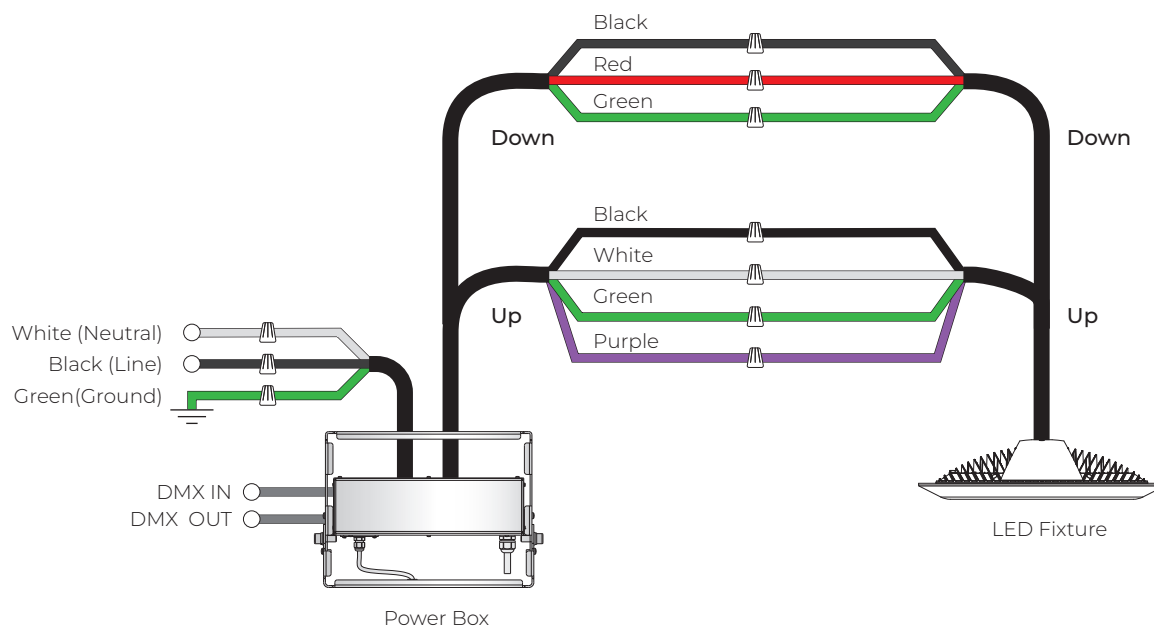
### DMX (RGB Uplight & White Downlight)

165 (120W Downlight, 45W Uplight)

215 (170W Downlight, 45W Uplight)

285 (240W Downlight, 45W Uplight)

\*Not to scale

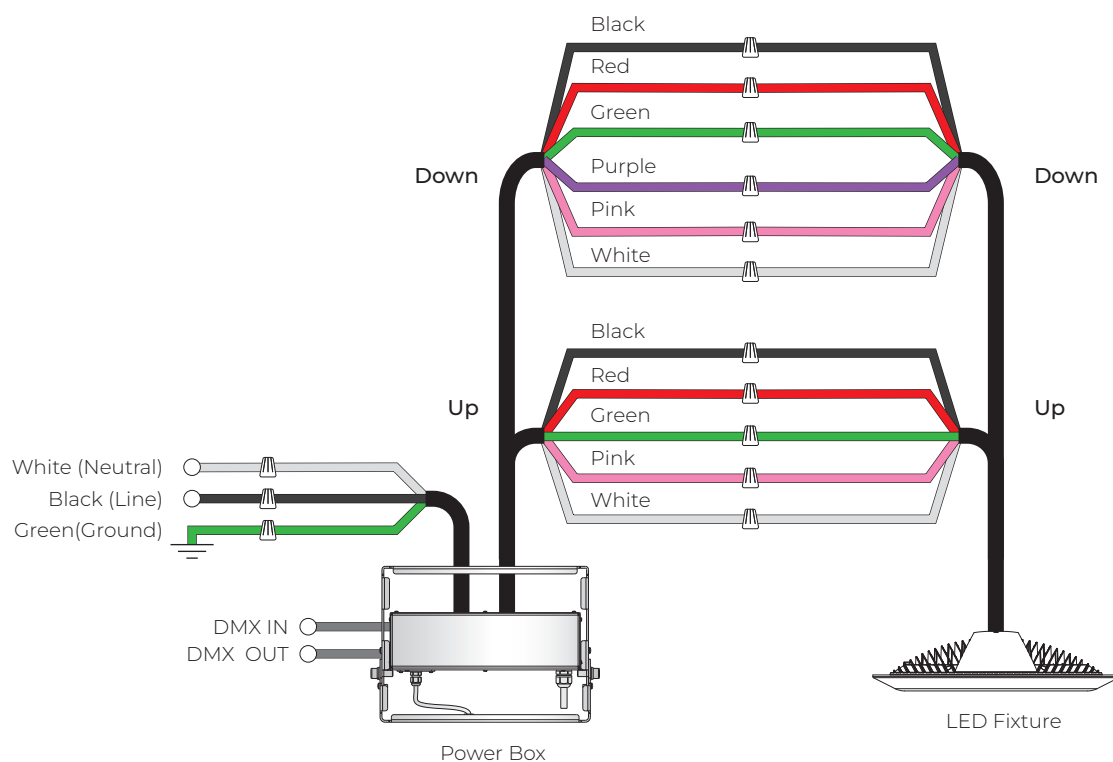


## WIRING DIAGRAM

### DMX (W+RGB)

300 (240W Downlight, 60W Uplight)

\*Not to scale



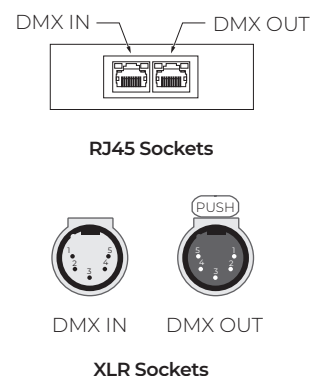
## DMX REQUIREMENTS

The Whiz 2.0 Bi-Directional fixture with DMX is a **single channel dmx** unit. The downlight and uplight are controlled **separately**. When placing an order, please indicate DMX address. (The DMX address will be listed on the back of the fixture). Do not connect more than 32 fixtures per DMX daisy chain.

| DMX Address |         |           |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| Fixture     | Uplight | Downlight |
| #1          | 1       | 2         |
| #2          | 3       | 4         |
| #3          | 5       | 6         |

The fixture can be connected with RJ45 or XLR sockets. DMX cables **are not** included; please refer to compatible DMX cabling list for more information. The final fixture on each daisy chain should be terminated by the use of a DMX terminator purchased from a 3rd party or from Meteor.

| CONNECTION | RJ45 (CAT5e)                      | 5-PIN XLR |
|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Common     | WHITE/BROWN(PIN7) & BROWN (PIN 8) | PIN 1     |
| Signal -   | ORANGE (PIN 2)                    | PIN 2     |
| Signal +   | WHITE/ORANGE (PIN 1)              | PIN 3     |
| Spare      | -                                 | PIN 4     |
| Spare      | -                                 | PIN 5     |



## COMPATIBLE DMX CABLING LIST

DMX uses a cable consisting of two twisted pairs plus a shield to carry data. The cable must be specifically impedance matched for the digital DMX signal, meaning that microphone cable or other non-rated cable **must not be used to carry DMX**. Network cable (Cat5, 5e or 6 cable) may be used to carry DMX in an installation; however special consideration must be given to shielding and termination. Under no circumstances should solid core cable like Cat5 be terminated into a screw down connector.

Meteor recommends the use of Belden 9729 or Belden 9841 for DMX installation. Belden 9729/9841 is a two pair cable, which allows for a spare pair for 'out and back' type terminations if needed.

## NOTES

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### Application note : Wiring for DMX/RDM lighting systems

DMX/RDM is a robust and reliable system for lighting control. However, if not implemented correctly, problems can arise such as random flashing of lights, erratic operation and delays in responding to commands. This document explains the best practices in DMX wiring.

#### Important things to consider are:

1. DMX is a three-wire system. Use all three!
2. DMX is based on the EIA-485/RS-485 standard.
3. Always use cable specifically designed for DMX / RS-485. These cables have an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance. For instance : Belden 9729.
4. DMX must be terminated with a 120Ω resistor to prevent reflections.
5. A daisy chain topology should be used.
6. After 32 unit loads a repeater/booster should be used. (Important : For tunable white fixtures, After "32" unit loads a repeater/booster should be used.)
7. Keep cabling below 200 meters between the controller and the last driver.
8. It is generally considered good practice to provide separate DMX in and DMX out / DMX Thru connections to your fixture to aid in installation. This can be in the form of pigtails, RJ-45 connectors or 5-pin XLR connectors.
9. Use twisted pair cables with an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance.
10. UTP Cat5 or Cat6 network cable can also be used but have a slightly lower impedance of 100Ω.
11. If shielded cable is used, only connect shield to ground on one side (typically, the controller should have its shield terminal connected to ground).
12. Not following the above recommendations may seem to work at first, but can cause problems. Sometimes after weeks of seemingly normal operation.